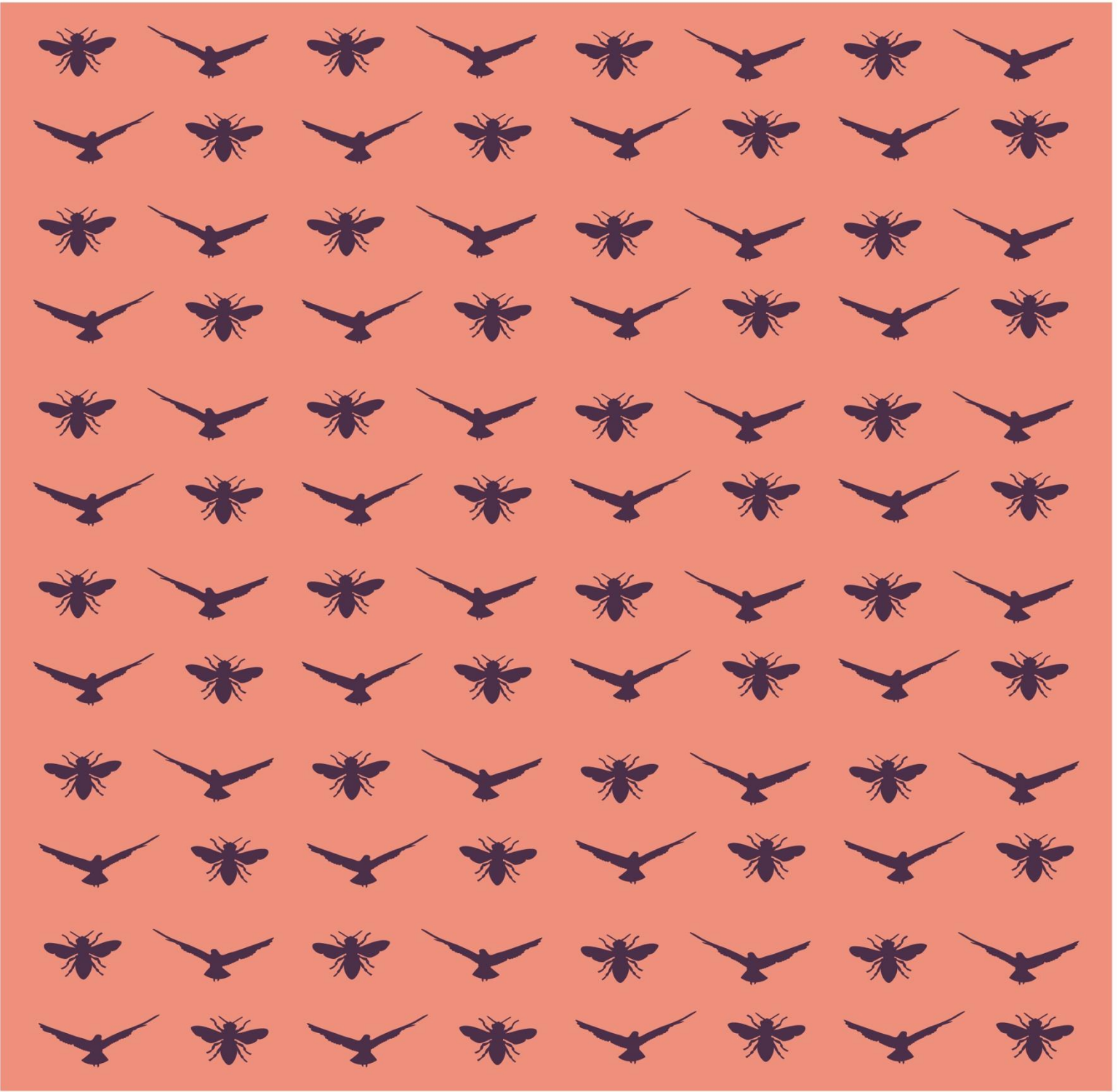


## Relationships and Sex Education Policy (Secondary)

**Contained within this document:**

Full guidance of the delivery of RSE in Nova secondary schools



# Relationships and Sex Education Policy (Secondary)



## Policy/Procedure management log

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## 1. Introduction

At Nova Education Trust we, along with all of our academies, are aware that children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way.

This policy covers our approach to Relationships Education (ReE), Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education, not only in lessons but through the attitude of our staff and pupils alike, our ethos and approach and commitment to equality both within and outside of the classroom.

We acknowledge that all young people deserve the right to honest, open and factual information to help better form their own beliefs and values, free from bias, judgement or subjective personal beliefs of those who teach them.

This policy outlines how we teach RSE at Nottingham University Academy of Science and Technology.

## 2. Aims

Nova Education Trust acknowledges that in order for children and young people to embrace the challenges of creating a happy and successful adult life, pupils need knowledge that will enable

them to make informed decisions about their wellbeing, health and relationships and to build their self-efficacy. All of our academies understand that high quality, evidence-based and age-appropriate teaching of these subjects can help prepare pupils to develop resilience, to know how and when to ask for help.

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at our school are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies

RSE relates to our school values of aspirations, respect and resilience. Students will have opportunities to learn about respect and how this values underpins the discussion, lessons and education during tutor time.

### 3. Statutory Guidance

As a secondary academy, we must provide RSE to all pupils under section 34 of the [Children and Social Work Act 2017](#).

In teaching RSE, we're required by our funding agreements to have regard to [guidance](#) issued by the secretary of state, as outlined in section 403 of the [Education Act 1996](#).

We also have regard to legal duties set out in:

- Sections 406 and 407 of the Education Act 1996
- Part 6, chapter 1 of the [Equality Act 2010](#)
- The Public Sector Equality Duty (as set out in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010). This duty requires public bodies to have due regard to the need to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different people when carrying out their activities

The statutory requirements do not apply to sixth form colleges, 16-19 academies or Further Education (FE) colleges, although we would encourage them to support pupils by offering these subjects.

### 4. Policy Development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

1. **Review** – a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance
2. **Staff consultation** – all school staff were given the opportunity to look at the policy and make recommendations
3. **Pupil consultation** – we investigated what exactly pupils want from their RSE
4. **Ratification** – once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

### 5. Definitions

#### 5.1 Relationship and Sex Education

- RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

- RSE involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values.
- RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

## **5.2 Physical Health and Mental Wellbeing**

- Health Education is about pupils developing an awareness of the changes happening to them during puberty.
- Health education will raise awareness within all pupils about menstruation.
- As a Trust we will support our female pupils who experience period poverty.

## **6. Curriculum**

Our RSE curriculum contents is set out as per Appendix 1, but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, and taking into account the age, developmental stage, needs and feelings of our pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner and to the best of their ability so that pupils are fully informed.

## **7. Delivery of RSE**

The Trust acknowledges that high-quality, evidence-based and age-appropriate teaching can help pupils prepare for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life as well as promoting the spiritual, moral, social, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils both at school and in society.

RSE will be set in the context of a wider whole-school approach to supporting pupils to be safe, happy and prepared for life beyond school. The curriculum on relationships and sex will complement and be supported by the Trust and schools level policies on behaviour, inclusion, respect for equality and diversity, anti-bullying, wellbeing and safeguarding.

RSE focuses on giving young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds including:

- Families
- Respectful relationships, including friendships
- Online and media
- Being safe
- Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life, taking care to make sure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents and foster parents/carers, amongst other structures), along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example, looked-after children or young carers).

We will also be mindful of the law and legal requirements, taking care not to condone or encourage illegal political activity, such as violent action against people, criminal damage to property, hate crime, terrorism or the illegal use of drugs.

At Nottingham University Academy of Science and Technology, RSE is taught within the [Personal Development (PD) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the science curriculum, and other aspects are included in religious education (RE).

At Nottingham University Academy of Science and Technology, students will be taught RSE-related topics within the Personal Development Curriculum. This will take place with tutors and will be delivered during tutor time, which lasts for 30 minutes daily. Tutors will have half termly CPL sessions to enable them to develop a better understanding of the topics which will be taught. Any students identified who may need extra support will be discussed between tutors, Heads of Year, Senior Leadership Team and the SENDco.

## 8. Inclusivity

We will teach about these topics in a manner that:

- Considers how a diverse range of pupils will relate to them
- Is sensitive to all pupils' experiences
- During lessons, makes pupils feel:
  - Safe and supported
  - Able to engage with the key messages

We will also:

- Make sure that pupils learn about these topics in an environment that's appropriate for them, for example in:
  - A whole-class setting
  - Small groups or targeted sessions
  - 1-to-1 discussions
  - Digital formats
- Give careful consideration to the level of differentiation needed

### 8.1 Pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND)

Relationships Education, RSE and Health Education will be accessible for all pupils.

High quality teaching is differentiated and personalised, this is the starting point to ensure accessibility for all pupils. Schools will also be mindful of the preparing for adulthood outcomes as set out in the SEND code of practice, when preparing these subjects for pupils with SEND.

All of our schools aware that some pupils are more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues due to the nature of their SEND.

Relationships Education can also be a priority for some pupils, for example some with Social, Emotional and Mental Health Needs or learning disabilities.

For some pupils there may be a need to tailor content and teaching materials to meet the specific needs of children at different development stages.

### 8.2 Sexual Identity and Orientation

We aim to deal sensitively and honestly with issues of sexual identity. All schools within the Nova Education Trust will ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect.

Individual schools will make the decision as to when it is appropriate to teach pupils about LGBT and to what extent this education will take place. This work will be integrated fully into the scheme of work.

Schools will ensure that all pupils will have been taught about LGBT issues at an appropriate level and context before they leave.

### 8.3 Ethnic and Cultural sensitivities

We intend our policy to be sensitive to the needs of different ethnic groups. For some young people it is not culturally appropriate to be taught particular items in mixed group. We will respond to parental requests and concerns on an individual by individual basis.

### 8.4 Use of resources

We **will** consider whether any resources we plan to use:

- Are aligned with the teaching requirements set out in the statutory RSE guidance
- Would support pupils in applying their knowledge in different contexts and settings
- Are age-appropriate, given the age, developmental stage and background of our pupils
- Are evidence-based and contain robust facts and statistics
- Fit into our curriculum plan
- Are from credible sources
- Are compatible with effective teaching approaches
- Are sensitive to pupils' experiences and won't provoke distress

## 9. Use of external organisations and materials

We will make sure that an agency and any materials used are appropriate and in line with our legal duties around political impartiality.

The school remains responsible for what is said to pupils. This includes making sure that any speakers, tools and resources used don't undermine the fundamental British values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs.

We **will**:

- Make appropriate checks and engage with external agencies to make sure that their approach to teaching about RSE is balanced, and it and the resources they intend to use:
  - Are age-appropriate
  - Are in line with pupils' developmental stage
  - Comply with:
    - This policy
    - The [Teachers' Standards](#)
    - The [Equality Act 2010](#)
    - The [Human Rights Act 1998](#)
    - The [Education Act 1996](#)
- Only work with external agencies where we have full confidence in the agency, its approach and the resources it uses
- Make sure that any speakers and resources meet the intended outcome of the relevant part of the curriculum
- Review any case study materials and look for feedback from other people the agency has worked with
- Be clear on:
  - What they're going to say
  - Their position on the issues to be discussed
- Ask to see in advance any materials that the agency may use
- Know the named individuals who will be there, and follow our usual safeguarding procedures for these people
- Conduct a basic online search and address anything that may be of concern to us, or to parents and carers
- Check the agency's protocol for taking pictures or using any personal data they might get from a session

- Remind teachers that they can say “no” or, in extreme cases, stop a session
- Make sure that the teacher is in the room during any sessions with external speakers
- We **won't**, under any circumstances:
- Work with external agencies that take or promote extreme political positions
- Use materials produced by such agencies, even if the material itself is not extreme

## 10. Roles and Responsibilities (including monitoring)

### 10.1 The Local Governing Body

The Local Governing Body will ensure:

- All pupils make progress in achieving the expected educational outcomes;
- The subjects are well led, effectively managed and well planned;
- That the quality of provision is subject to regular and effective self-evaluation;
- That the subjects are resourced in a way that ensures the Academy can fulfil its legal obligations.
- The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

### 10.2 Headteacher

The Headteacher will ensure that:

- All staff are informed of the policy and the responsibilities included within the policy;
- All teachers explore how new pedagogies and technology can be fully utilised to support subjects;
- The subjects are staffed and timetabled in a way to ensure the Trust and the Academy fulfils their legal obligations;
- The teaching of RSE is monitored to ensure that it is delivered in ways that are accessible to all pupils with SEND;
- The Academy works with parents/carers when planning and delivering RSE to pupils.
- Clear information is provided to parents/carers on the subject content and the right to request that their child is withdrawn.

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from [non-statutory] components of RSE (see section 11).

### 10.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the [non-statutory] components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

All teaching staff who are tutors are responsible for teaching RSE during tutor time at Nottingham University Academy of Science and Technology.

When managing difficult conversations or questions:



- Teachers will answer questions openly, honestly, scientifically and factually without relying on their personal beliefs.
- Teachers will not answer personal questions about themselves or ask direct personal questions of their pupils that could make either parties vulnerable.
- All schools will need to ensure that all staff delivering RSE have received appropriate CPD including knowledge of the law.
- Teachers will act on any safeguarding concerns / disclosures as a result of the learning with the Designated Safeguarding Lead. This will be dealt with in the same way as any other disclosure made. Please refer to the Safeguarding Policy for further information.

#### **10.4 Pupils**

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

#### **10.5 Parents/Carers**

The Trust acknowledge the key role that parents/carers play in the development of their children's / young person's understanding about relationships. Parents are the first educators of their children. They have the most significant influence in enabling their children / young person to grow and mature and to form healthy relationships.

All Parents/Carers will be:

- Given every opportunity to understand the purpose and content of Relationships Education and RSE;
- Encouraged to participate in the development of Relationships Education and RSE;
- Able to discuss any concerns directly with the Academy.

### **11. Parents right to withdraw**

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the [non-statutory] components of sex education within RSE up to and until 3 terms before the child turns 16. After this point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than being withdrawn, the school will arrange this.

Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The headteacher will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action.

Alternative school work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

### **12. Training**

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSE.

### **13. Links with other policies**

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following Trust/Academy policies:

- Safeguarding Policy
- Anti-Bullying Policy

- Behaviour Policy
- E-Safety Policy
- Equality Information
- Wellbeing policy for pupils

## Appendix 1: By the end of secondary school pupils should know

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• That there are different types of committed, stable relationships</li> <li>• How these relationships might contribute to human happiness and their importance for bringing up children</li> <li>• What marriage is, including their legal status, e.g. that marriage carries legal rights and protections not available to couples who are cohabiting or who have married, for example, in an unregistered religious ceremony</li> <li>• Why marriage is an important relationship choice for many couples and why it must be freely entered into</li> <li>• The characteristics and legal status of other types of long-term relationships</li> <li>• The roles and responsibilities of parents with respect to raising of children, including the characteristics of successful parenting</li> <li>• How to: determine whether other children, adults or sources of information are trustworthy: judge when a family, friend, intimate or other relationship is unsafe (and to recognise this in others' relationships); and, how to seek help or advice, including reporting concerns about others, if needed</li> </ul>
Respectful relationships, including friendships	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The characteristics of positive and healthy friendships (in all contexts, including online) including: trust, respect, honesty, kindness, generosity, boundaries, privacy, consent and the management of conflict, reconciliation and ending relationships. This includes different (non-sexual) types of relationship</li> <li>• Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships</li> <li>• How stereotypes, in particular stereotypes based on sex, gender, race, religion, sexual orientation or disability, can cause damage (e.g. how they might normalise non-consensual behaviour or encourage prejudice)</li> <li>• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including people in positions of authority and due tolerance of other people's beliefs</li> <li>• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders to report bullying and how and where to get help</li> <li>• That some types of behaviour within relationships are criminal, including violent behaviour and coercive control</li> <li>• What constitutes sexual harassment and sexual violence and why these are always unacceptable</li> <li>• The legal rights and responsibilities regarding equality (particularly with reference to the protected characteristics as defined in the Equality Act 2010) and that everyone is unique and equal</li> </ul>
Online and media	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Their rights, responsibilities and opportunities online, including that the same expectations of behaviour apply in all contexts, including online</li> <li>• About online risks, including that any material someone provides to another has the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potentially compromising material placed online</li> <li>• Not to provide material to others that they would not want shared further and not to share personal material which is sent to them</li> <li>• What to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online</li> <li>• The impact of viewing harmful content</li> <li>• That specifically sexually explicit material e.g. pornography presents a distorted picture of sexual behaviours, can damage the way people see themselves in relation to others and negatively affect how they behave towards sexual partners</li> <li>• That sharing and viewing indecent images of children (including those created by children) is a criminal offence which carries severe penalties including jail</li> <li>• How information and data is generated, collected, shared and used online</li> </ul>

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Being safe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The concepts of, and laws relating to, sexual consent, sexual exploitation, abuse, grooming, coercion, harassment, rape, domestic abuse, forced marriage, honour-based violence and FGM, and how these can affect current and future relationships</li> <li>• How people can actively communicate and recognise consent from others, including sexual consent, and how and when consent can be withdrawn (in all contexts, including online)</li> </ul>
Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How to recognise the characteristics and positive aspects of healthy one-to-one intimate relationships, which include mutual respect, consent, loyalty, trust, shared interests and outlook, sex and friendship</li> <li>• That all aspects of health can be affected by choices they make in sex and relationships, positively or negatively, e.g. physical, emotional, mental, sexual and reproductive health and wellbeing</li> <li>• The facts about reproductive health, including fertility and the potential impact of lifestyle on fertility for men and women</li> <li>• That there are a range of strategies for identifying and managing sexual pressure, including understanding peer pressure, resisting pressure and not pressurising others</li> <li>• That they have a choice to delay sex or to enjoy intimacy without sex</li> <li>• The facts about the full range of contraceptive choices, efficacy and options available</li> <li>• The facts around pregnancy including miscarriage</li> <li>• That there are choices in relation to pregnancy (with medically and legally accurate, impartial information on all options, including keeping the baby, adoption, abortion and where to get further help)</li> <li>• How the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDs, are transmitted, how risk can be reduced through safer sex (including through condom use) and the importance of and facts about testing</li> <li>• About the prevalence of some STIs, the impact they can have on those who contract them and key facts about treatment</li> <li>• How the use of alcohol and drugs can lead to risky sexual behaviour</li> <li>• How to get further advice, including how and where to access confidential sexual and reproductive health advice and treatment</li> </ul>

## Appendix 2: Curriculum map

	Area	Year 7	Area	Year 8	Theme	Year 9
Autumn Term 1		Internal		Internal		Internal
Autumn Term 2	Living in the Wider World	Exploring Personal Values	Health and Wellbeing	Vaping: A Global Dilemma	Living in the Wider World	Volunteering in My Community
		Controlling Our Emotions		Drug Awareness		Differences Between Forced and Arranged Marriage
		Managing Privacy Online		The Mind-Body Connection		Drugs and County Lines
		The Dangers Of Your Internet Algorithm		First Aid Beyond Emergencies		Organ Donation
		Examining the Equality Act 2010		Male Body Image		Instagram vs Reality
Spring Term 1	Relationships & Sex Education	Racism and Discrimination	Relationships & Sex Education	R.E.S.P.E.C.T	Relationships & Sex Education	Exploring The Democratic Process
		How To Have Healthy Relationships		The Many Forms of Relationships		Introduction to FGM
		The Changing Adolescent Body		Managing Unhealthy & Toxic Relationships		Safe & Healthy Sex
		Body Changes During Puberty		Understanding Consent		Avoiding & Preventing Harassment
		Different Types of Families		Power Dynamics & Consent		Online grooming
Spring Term 2	Health and Wellbeing	Positive Parenting	Living in the Wider World	Contraceptive Essentials	Health and Wellbeing	Sexual Orientation
		Safe & Healthy Relationships		Pregnancy Choices		Sexually Transmitted Infections
		The Balanced Diet		Gender-Based Discrimination		Informed Drug & Alcohol Choices
		Sleep Essentials		Knife Crime		Understanding Vaccination And Immunisation
		Phones And Sleep		Relationships and Their Legal Status		Smoking & Your Health
Summer Term 1	Living in the Wider World	Investing In Your Health	Health and Wellbeing	Ageism and Ableism	Health and Wellbeing	Sleep, Exercise & Diet
		Healthy & Balanced Lifestyles		The Role of the Courts & Tribunals		Understanding Eating Disorders
		Combat Worry, Stress & Anxiety		Breaking Down Stereotypes		Inclusivity & Belonging
		Alcohol And Your Health		Oral Hygiene		The Happiness Trap
		Smoking and Nicotine Addiction		Health & Hygiene		Managing Anxiety
Summer Term 2	Health and Wellbeing	Drug Laws in the UK	Health and Wellbeing	Healthy Eating, Healthy Living	Living in the Wider World	Combating Negative Self-Talk
		How Laws are Made		Dealing With Worry		Resilience Toolkit
		Respecting and Celebrating Religious Diversity		Alcohol and Social Inhibitions		Empathy in Action
		Unlocking Creativity		Developing Leadership Skills		Sharing Information Online
		Communication Styles		Real Life Resilience		Rising Above Cyberbullying
		The Stress Scale	Health and Wellbeing	The Positivity Mindset	Living in the Wider World	Viewing Harmful Content
		Random Acts of Kindness		Together Against Bullying		Assessing The Trustworthiness of Others
		FINANCE		FINANCE		FINANCE

	Area	Year 10	Area	Year 11
Autumn Term 1		Internal		Internal
Autumn Term 2	Living in the Wider World	Multi-Cultural Society Respecting Difference The Hidden Scars of Knife Crime Extremism Online Radicalisation Violence and Exploitation by Gangs	Living in the Wider World	Stereotypes & Prejudice Addressing Gender Violence Democracy v Autocracy Fake News & Misinformation The Rule of Law Gay Rights
Spring Term 1	Relationships & Sex Education	The Spectrum of Relationships Sharing Illegal Images Sexting The Distorted Reality of Pornography Recognising Signs of Coercive Control Different Kinds of Intimacy	Relationships & Sex Education	Fertility & Pregnancy Fertility & Reproductive Health Navigating Pregnancy Choices Navigating Sexual Safety Sexual Violence & Abuse Sex & Substances
Spring Term 2	Health and Wellbeing	Phone Addiction Keeping Your Online Data Safe Embracing Emotional Agility Embracing Personal Responsibility Managing Stress & Overthinking The Psychology of Bullies	Health and Wellbeing	Saving Lives with First Aid Drugs Self-Examination & Screening Taking Ownership Harmful Stereotypes Embracing Challenges and Discomfort
Summer Term 1	Living in the Wider World	Understanding Democracy Safeguarding Democratic Systems Discrimination and the Equality Act Respecting Human Rights Striving For Equality	Exams	Building Resilience Exam Stress Finance Finance Finance
Summer Term 2	Health and Wellbeing	Party Drugs Alcohol Dependence & Excessive Drinking Alcohol Smoking and Your Health FINANCE	Exams	

### Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS			
Name of child		Class	
Name of parent		Date	
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education			
Any other information you would like the school to consider			
Parent signature			

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL	
Agreed actions from discussion with parents	